

三重県立看護大学
令和 8 年度 入学者選抜

特別選抜

(地域推薦型選抜・多言語多文化選抜・東紀州地域指定校推薦型選抜)

基礎学力検査

小論文 (外国語の読解を含む)

(120 分)

問題冊子

〔注 意〕

1. 解答開始の合図があるまで、この表紙を開いてはいけません。
2. 問題冊子は 1 冊 (3 ページ)、解答冊子は 1 冊 (解答用紙 2 枚) です。
3. 解答開始の合図があったら、解答冊子表紙の記入欄には受験番号と氏名を、また解答に用いるすべての解答用紙上部の記入欄には受験番号を、それぞれ忘れずに記入しなさい。記入の漏れや誤りがあった場合は、0 点となります。
4. 問題は、問 1 と問 2 からなります。解答時間 120 分のなかで、問 1 と問 2 のそれぞれに答えなさい。
5. 解答はそれぞれ指定の解答欄に記入しなさい。
6. 問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

問 1 以下の英文を、日本語もしくは英語のいずれかを用いて、解答用紙に納まる範囲の文字数もしくは語数で、要約しなさい。

True philanthropy¹⁾ is not simply about giving money—it is about living out values such as fairness, empathy, and responsibility. When aligned with international institutions like the United Nations (UN) and the World Health Organization (WHO), philanthropy becomes a force for global change. History teaches us that enormously wealthy Americans such as Bill Gates,²⁾ Lady Gaga,³⁾ Andrew Carnegie,⁴⁾ and John D. Rockefeller, Sr.,⁵⁾ people with deeply held beliefs, can shape generous action leading to the transformation of society.

Bill Gates, co-founder of Microsoft, has committed billions of dollars through the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation⁶⁾ to fight diseases, fund vaccines, and improve maternal and child health. Working closely with WHO and UNICEF (the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund), Gates's charities support healthcare systems and empower nurses, especially in low-income regions. His philanthropy reflects fairness and the belief that everyone deserves equal access to life-saving care.

Lady Gaga, the internationally renowned singer-songwriter, promotes mental health and emotional resilience for young people through her Born This Way Foundation.⁷⁾ Her efforts align with WHO's focus on psychological well-being and she also works closely with UN campaigns such as World Mental Health Day. Lady Gaga's philanthropy emphasizes kindness and empathy—values necessary to nursing and caregiving professions worldwide—and reflects the Foundation's core commitment to “being there,” as its official website affirms, for those facing emotional and psychological challenges.

Andrew Carnegie, the nineteenth-century industrialist who was influenced by the English philosopher Herbert Spencer,⁸⁾ believed that wealthy people had a moral duty to help others improve themselves. Rather than offering direct charity, Carnegie funded over 2,500 local public libraries throughout the U.S. and supported concert halls, higher education, and world peace. He envisioned a society uplifted by knowledge and opportunity—ideals now reflected in the UN's global education and development goals. Spencer's emphasis on individual effort helped shape Carnegie's belief in enabling others to grow through self-empowerment.

John D. Rockefeller, Sr., founder of Standard Oil,⁹⁾ established modern philanthropy through the Rockefeller Foundation¹⁰⁾ over a hundred years ago. His support for public health—including campaigns against yellow fever¹¹⁾—laid the groundwork for WHO. Rockefeller believed in combining science and charity to address long-term global challenges. His philanthropy helped develop medical organizations and train professionals to serve many future generations.

All four of these public benefactors show that philanthropy goes beyond donating money—it is a commitment to shaping a more just and compassionate world. They did not act alone, but worked together with global organizations like the UN and WHO, strengthening the impact of their personal values through collaboration with major charities. They also believed in inspiring future generations by supporting education and encouraging social responsibility.

Practiced with humility, philanthropy fosters a global culture of compassion, cooperation, and strength. In our interconnected world, such leadership helps build inclusive and sustainable futures. The legacy of such visionary philanthropists¹²⁾ continues to shape how we care, how we contribute, and how we imagine a more just and humane global society.

- 1) フィランソロピー、慈善活動、企業等が行う社会貢献活動
- 2) ビル・ゲイツ、米国の実業家
- 3) レディー・ガガ、米国のシンガー・ソングライター
- 4) アンドリュー・カーネギー、米国の実業家
- 5) ジョン・デイヴィソン・ロックフェラー・シニア、米国の実業家
- 6) ゲイツ財団、ビル・アンド・メリンダ・ゲイツ財団
- 7) ボーン・デイス・ウェイ財団
- 8) ハーバート・スペンサー、英国の哲学者・社会学者
- 9) スタンダード・オイル、米国の石油会社
- 10) ロックフェラー財団
- 11) 黄熱、蚊によって感染する黄熱ウイルスによる感染症
- 12) 篤志家、慈善家、寄付・時間・知恵・ネットワーク・名声等を用いて社会貢献する人

問 2 慈善活動については、それがむしろ貧富の格差や環境問題といった社会的課題の根本的解決を邪魔しているという批判があります。このような批判にあなたは賛成ですか反対ですか。いずれかの立場をかならず選択し、解答用紙に○をつけなさい。そのうえで日本語を用い、解答用紙に収まる範囲の文字数で、あなたの立場をその根拠とともに説明しなさい。

